Semester I Courses

Course Title	Mathematical Foundations of ESD	Course Number	EC501T
Department	Electronics and Communication Engineering	Structure (IPC)	3-0-3
Offered to	M.Tech. ESD	Status (Core/ Elective)	Core
Prerequisite	Nil	Effective from	July 2020
Course Aim	This course's objective is to provide a good understanding in thetime complexity analysis of any arithmetic operation, Galois filed theory of any crypto operation, estimation theory, linear programming, and multivariate analysis.		
Course Outcomes	At the end of this course, the students will be able to1. Simulate appropriate application/distribution problems.2. Obtain the value of the point estimators using the method of moments and method of maximum likelihood.		
	3. Apply the concept of various test statistics used in hypothesis testing for mean and variances of large and small samples.		
	4. Get exposure to the principal component analysis of random vectors and matrices.		
	5. Analyse the time complexity of the operation of the digital operations.		
	6. Apply Galois Field theory in the cryptography applications.		
Contents of the course	SPECIAL FUNCTIONS: Bessel's equation – Bessel function – Recurrence relations - Generating function and orthogonal property for Bessel functions of first kind – Fourier-Bessel expansion.		
	LINEAR PROGRAMMING: Formulation – Graphical solution – Simplex method – Two phase method –Transportation and Assignment Problems.		
	SIMULATION: Discrete Event Simulation – Monte – Carlo Simulation – Stochastic Simulation – Applications to real time problems.		
	ESTIMATION THEORY: Estimators: Unbiasedness, Consistency, Efficiency and Sufficiency – Maximum Likelihood Estimation – Method of moments.		
	MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS: Random vectors and Matrices – Mean vectors and Covariance matrices – Multivariate Normal density and its properties – Principal components: Population principal components – Principal components from standardized variables.		

	 COMPLEXITY ANALYSIS: Introduction to time complexity of an algorithm or operation (worst case, average case, and best case), SAT problems, NP hard and NP complete problems. ABSTRACT ALGEBRA: Introduction to Group, Ring, and Fields, Prime/Polynomial field representation, Irreducible polynomial, primitive polynomial, minimal polynomial, Galois field (GF) addition, GF multiplication, GF exponentiation, and GF multiplicative inverse. 	
References	 Jay L. Devore, "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences", Cengage Learning, 9th Edition, Boston, 2016. Johnson, R.A, Irwin Miller and John Freund., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, 9th Edition, New York, 2016. Johnson, R.A., and Wichern, D.W., "Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis", Pearson Education, Sixth Edition, New Delhi, 2013. 	
	4. Ross. S.M., "Probability Models for Computer Science", Academic Press, SanDiego, 2002.	
	5. Taha H.A. "Operations Research: An Introduction", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2017.	
	6. Winston, W.L., "Operations Research", Thomson – Brooks/Cole, Fourth Edition, Belmont, 2003.	
	7. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", MIT Press, 2009.	
	8. Ralph P. Grimaldi, "Discrete and combinatorial Mathematics", Pearson Education, 5th Edition, New Jersey, 2004.	
	9. Erwin Kreyszig. "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 10th Edition, New York, 2010.	

Course Title	Product Design and	Course Number	DES501T
	Development		
Department	Electronics and	Structure (IPC)	3-0-3
	Communication		
	Engineering		
Offered to	M.Tech. ESD	Status (Core/	Core
		Elective)	
Prerequisite	Nil	Effective from	July 2020
Course Aim	 The course comprises the with practice sessions. The students of the size 	eoretical sessions tha	t are supplemented
	used during product desig	n and development.	ystematic approach
	3. The course will highlight the methods for need identification, techniques for creative thinking, concept generation, concept selection, product architecture, aesthetics, ergonomics etc.		
	4. The students will realize the design through models of using suitable materials		
Course Outcomes	 The students will be able to understand the need of a customer and use the creative thinking to conceptualize designs. The students will also be able to quickly visualize the concepts using models 		
Contents of the course	Introduction: Importance of engineering design, types of design, total life cycle- types of products, Phases of product development process, product and process cycles. (10 hours) Problem Definition & Need Identification: Identifying customer needs, gathering information classifying customer requirements, engineering characteristics, competitive benchmarking, QFD, product design specification. (10 hours) Conceptual Design: Creativity in design, creativity and problem solving, creative thinking methods, conceptual decomposition morphological methods-TRIZ and contradiction, Bio and Shape mimicry techniques, Decision making and concept selection- decision theories-concept screening and scoring. (8 hours) Embodiment Design: Product architecture, steps in developing product architecture, industrial design human factors design, Nostalgia and Design, Environment factors. (8 hours)		
Textbooks	 K. Otto, Product Design, Pearson Education, 1st edition, 2011, ISBN: 8177588214. U. Karl and S. Eppinger, Product Design and Development, McGraw-Hill Education, 6th edition, 2015, ISBN: 0078029066. 		
References	1. C. A. Harper, Handbook of Materials for Product Design, McGraw-Hill Professional, 1st edition, 2001, ISBN: 0071354069.		

2. R. Stuer and K. Eissen, Sketching: Drawing Techniques for
Product Designers, Thames & Hudson, 1st edition, 2007, ISBN: 9063691718.
 B. Hallgrimsson, Prototyping and Modelmaking for Product Design, Laurence King Publishing, 1st edition, 2012, ISBN: 9781856698764

Course Title	Product Design and	Course Number	DES501P
	Development Practice		
Department	Electronics and	Structure (IPC)	0-3-2
	Communication		
	Engineering		
Offered to	M.Tech. ESD	Status (Core/	Core
		Elective)	
Prerequisite	Nil	Effective from	July 2020
Course Aim	1. The course comprises theoretical sessions that are supplemented with practice sessions.		
	used during product desig	n and development.	ystematic approach
	3. The course will highlight the methods for need identification, techniques for creative thinking, concept generation, concept selection, product architecture, aesthetics, ergonomics etc.		
	4. The students will realize the design through models of using suitable materials		
Course Outcomes	1. The students will be able to understand the need of a customer and use the creative thinking to conceptualize designs.		
	2. The students will also be able to quickly visualize the concepts using models.		
Contents of the course	technical ideas through sketches.		
	Clay, Foam, Wood modelling and modern 3D printing.		
	Problem Definition and Need Identification.		
	Conceptual design: Morphological charts, TRIZ and Contradiction, Bio and Shape mimicry, Concept selection, Screening.		
	Embodiment Design: Product Architecture, Human Factors, Aesthetics, Nostalgia and Environmental factors.		
	Design Profile presentation.		
Textbooks	1. K. Otto, Product Design, Pearson Education, 1st edition, 2011, ISBN: 8177588214.		
	2. U. Karl and S. Eppinger, Product Design and Development, McGraw-Hill Education, 6th edition, 2015, ISBN: 0078029066.		
References	1. C. A. Harper, Handbook of Materials for Product Design, McGraw-Hill Professional, 1st edition, 2001, ISBN: 0071354069.		
	2. R. Stuer and K. Eissen, Sketching: Drawing Techniques for		

Product Designers, Thames & Hudson, 1st edition, 2007, ISBN: 9063691718.
 B. Hallgrimsson, Prototyping and Modelmaking for Product Design, Laurence King Publishing, 1st edition, 2012, ISBN: 9781856698764

Course Title	Digital VLSI System Design	Course Number	EC502T
Department	Electronics and Communication Engineering	Structure (IPC)	3-0-3
Offered to	M.Tech. ESD	Status (Core/ Elective)	Core
Prerequisite	Digital Logic Design, VLSI Design	Effective from	July 2020
Course Aim	The aim of this course is concepts underlying the mod	to introduce archit lern complex VLSI c	ecture and design ircuits/systems.
Course Outcomes	 At the end of this course, the students will be able to 1. Design digital system using HDL and CMOS transistors. 2. Analyse the circuit/system performance, area, and power dissipation. 3. Implement the low power and high throughput techniques on digital integrated circuits. 4. Develop the Custom IPs to integrate into Digital Systems 		
Contents of the course	1. Introduction to Digital design: timing issues, pipelining, folding/ unfolding, resource sharing, metastability, synchronization, clock skew, setup/hold time of flip-flops, synchronization between multiple clock domains using FIFO, PLL, and DLL, reset – recovery/removal time, false path. (5 hours)		
	2. Digital Systems Design with ASICs: PLDs, Semi/full custom ASIC designs, Emphasis on the synthesis based approach to VLSI Design. Relevant issues related to physical design automation such as partitioning, floor planning, power planning, placement & routing, Algorithms for VLSI Physical Design, IO pads, electro static discharge. (5 hours)		
	3. Digital Systems Design with FPGAs: Hardware-Software Co- design, Custom IP Development, High level synthesis (HLS), Efficient Coding Techniques in High Level Language for HLS, Partial Reconfiguration. (4 hours)		
	 4. Hardware Verification a based formal hardware diagram, flexible/vector har fault models, fault equivale double/triple modular redu generation, Built-in-self tes designs. (7 hours) 5. CMOS Transistor Log 	and Testing Equiva verification, Binary dware designs, VLS ence, fault dominanc indancy, fault simu st, Scan chain based ic: I-V characterist	lence/model check y decision/moment SI testing, logical ce, fault collapsing, lation, test pattern test, fault tolerant

	effects, Mobility degradation & velocity saturation, channel			
	length modulation, body effect, drain induced barrier			
	lowering, leakage, RC delay model, logical effort, clock gating,			
	dynamic voltage scaling, power gating, glitch free circuits, dual-			
	edge triggering, static CMOS, ratioed circuits, dynamic			
	CMOS, domino logic, pass transistor logic, CMOS latches, CMOS			
	flipflops, dual edge triggered flipflops, synchronizers, arbiters.			
	wave ninelining (15 hours)			
	(it notio)			
	6. Memory Designs: SRAM, DRAM, ROM, PROM, EPROM,			
	EEPROM, Flash, CAM (5 hours)			
Evaluation Pattern	The end-sem exam will have at least 50% of weightage. The			
	romaining weightage comprises Minor 1 Minor 2 and prejects (or			
	assignments)			
Textbooks	1 Neil H.F. Westte and David Money Harris, CMOS VI SI			
I CALDOOKS	Design : A Circuits and Systems Perspective. Addison Wesley 4th			
	Edn 2011			
Deferences	1 Wakerly, I. E. Digital Design: Principles and Practices 4th			
References	I. Wakeny, J. F., Digital Design. Finiciples and Flactices, 4th			
	Edition, Pearson, 2008			
	2. Miron Abramovici, Melvin A Breuer, and Arthur D Friedman:			
	Digital Systems Testing and Testable Designs, Wiley-IEEE Press,			
	1994.			
	3. N. A. Sherwani, Algorithms for VLSI Physical Design			
	Automation, Bsp Books Pvt. Ltd., 3rd edition, 2005.			
	4. Samir Palnitkar: Verilog HDL - Guide to Digital design and			
	synthesis, Pearson Education, 3rd Edn, 2003.			

Course Title	Digital VLSI System Design Practice	Course Number	EC502P
Department	Electronics and Communication Engineering	Structure (IPC)	0-3-2
Offered to	M.Tech. ESD	Status (Core/ Elective)	Core
Prerequisite	Digital Logic Design, VLSI Design	Effective from	July 2020
Course Aim	The lab course is intended to give exposure to the design of different functional components of digital integrated circuits using FPGA development boards and VLSI CAD tools respectively.		
Course Outcomes	 At the end of this course, the students will be able to 1. Design the RTL based digital circuits using HDL. 2. Develop the hardware-software co-design using VLSI CAD tool. 3. Develop the custom IP using RTL design and/or high level synthesis 4. Design the digital system with low power and high throughput VLSI techniques 5. Implement the fault tolerant hardware design and formal 		
Contents of the course	 Introduction to RTL Design: Basic combinational (half adder, full adder, multiplexer, decoder, and so on) and sequential circuits design (Flip-flops and counters) using HDL with commercial VLSI CAD tools or open source compilers. Familiarity of Datapath elements: 32-bit Ripple carry adder, recursive doubling based carry look ahead adder, Braun multiplier, Wallace tree multiplier, non restoring based division, IEEE-754 floating point adder/Subtractor/multiplier/divider, CORDIC, modular multiplier, modular multiplicative inverse, modular exponentiator, cross-bar switch, Banyan switch, Batcher switch, digital FIR filter. Advanced VLSI circuit design concepts: Pipelining, clock gating to reduce the switching power dissipation, hardware reuse strategy (folded hardware) to reduce the area, fault tolerant digital circuit design, formal hardware verification using equivalence check, high level synthesis with EDA, performance analysis of RTL design & high level synthesis based digital system using EDA, partial reconfiguration using EDA. Hardware-Software Co-design: Design flow of hardware-software software partitioning, and performance analysis of 		

	5. Digital Circuits Design using CMOS: logic gates, combinational		
	logic circuits, low power CMOS circuits using VLSI CAD tool.		
	6. Project Work (Individual): Basic 32-bit Processor Design		
	(Harvard Architecture with Microprogramming based Controller)		
	that includes the functional units such as logic unit,		
	fixed/floating point adder, multiplier, and divider. Here, two		
	separate memories are used for data and instruction.		
Textbooks	1. Neil H.E. Westte and David Money Harris: CMOS VLSI		
	Design : A Circuits and Systems Perspective, Addison Wesley, 4th		
	Edn, 2011.		
References	1. Wakerly, J. F., Digital Design: Principles and Practices, 4th		
	Edition, Pearson, 2008		
	2. Miron Abramovici, Melvin A Breuer, and Arthur D Friedman:		
	Digital Systems Testing and Testable Designs, Wiley-IEEE Press,		
	1994.		
	3. N. A. Sherwani, Algorithms for VLSI Physical Design		
	Automation, Bsp Books Pvt. Ltd., 3rd edition, 2005.		
	4. Samir Palnitkar: Verilog HDL - Guide to Digital design and		
	synthesis, Pearson Education, 3rd Edn, 2003.		

Course Title	Embedded System Design Practice	Course Number	EC503I	
Department	Electronics and Communication Engineering	Structure (IPC)	1-3-3	
Offered to	M.Tech. ESD	Status (Core/ Elective)	Core	
Prerequisite	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	Effective from	July 2020	
Course Aim	To provide a hands-on introduction to design of embedded systems with hardware/software and interfacing in real-time to networked cyber-physical systems and real time systems using the microcontrollers.			
Course Outcomes	At the end of this course, the students will be able to1. Understand the basic elements of embedded systems such as I/Oand interfaces.2. Understand embedded system design using the ARM Cortex-Mmicrocontroller with the Launch pad IDE in C.3. Develop the rapid prototype of embedded systems using opensource microcontrollers and microcomputers such as Arduino,Raspberry Pi, BeagleBone Black, and Intel Edison/Galileo.4. Build wireless networked embedded systems using Arduinoshields and modules (e.g., GPS, GSM/GPRS, Bluetooth, RFID, andZigBee).5. Exploit the advanced concepts such as networking and wirelesscommunications, real-time operating systems and control, andInternet of Things in the real time embedded systems.6. Develop the hardware-software co-design with parallel threadsusing Xilnx Vivado.7. Conduct experiments in Internet of Things (e.g., using ArduinoYun, Intel and Microsoft Developer Kits)			
Contents of the	Detailed Theory syllabus			
	 Elements of embedded systems (such as microcontrollers, GPIO, communication, interrupts, ADC, and DAC); overview of microcontroller; Comparison between Hardware, Software, and Firmware; Comparison between Hard, Soft, Firm, and Hybrid real time systems; applications of embedded systems; classification of embedded systems; characteristics of embedded systems; hardware-software partitioning; Software aspects of embedded systems; Real-time operating system (RTOS) - mutual exclusion using semaphore; deadlock; critical section; event-driven scheduling; time sharing; earliest 			

Semester II Courses

Course Title	Circuits for Electronic System Design	Course Number	EC504T
Department	Electronics and Communication Engineering	Structure (IPC)	3-0-3
Offered to	M.Tech. ESD	Status (Core/ Elective)	Core
Prerequisite	Analog and Digital Electronics	Effective from	July 2020
Course Aim	The aim of offering this course is to provide a proficiency in designing circuits for electronics system design		
Course Outcomes	 The aim of offering this course is to provide a proficiency in designing circuits for electronics system design 1. Apply concepts of Analog circuits for signal conditioning, signal processing, controller circuits, and driver circuits for power electronic circuits. 2. Design transformer and different power sources for various applications 3. Understand the interface of various modules to microcontroller and learn various communication protocols 4. Perform descriptive error analysis for the circuits 5. Demonstrate key concepts in electronics circuit design, including tools, approaches, and applications cenarios 1. Introduction to Op-Amps: Op-amp Characteristics, Negative feedback, Gain of the Op-Amp 2. Analog Signal conditioning circuits: Buffering, scaling, level translation, filtering applications, Analog math circuits - arithmetic circuits, log circuits, trigonometric circuits and applications Timer circuits, pulse width modulation circuits, P, PI and PID controller circuits, protection circuits, base and gate drive circuits for power transistors, MOSFETs and IGBTs, relay and contactor drive circuits. Design and error budget analysis of signal conditioners for low level AC and DC applications. Error Analysis. 3. Power supply circuits: Board level power supply circuits to generate +/-12V, 5V, 3.3V, 1.8V. Linear regulators, low drop out regulators, charge pumps, switched mode power converters. 4. Interfacing circuits: A to D, D to A, A to A and D to D interfaces, serial and parallel DACs, sampling, RS-232, USB, I2C, LCD, serial memory, SPI, CAN, wireless (RF, WiFi) Ethernet, RFID, SD card, SIM card, GPS, Touchscreen 		
Deferment	exponential, square root waves, PWM etc.	, cube root, hypoter	use, sine, 3 phase
References	1. Franco, S., Design wit	th operational amp	lifiers and analog

integrated circuits. Mc. Graw Hill book Co. 1988.
2. Horowitz, P., and Hill, W., The art of electronics (2nd edition),
Cambridge University Press. 1992.
3.Abraham Pressman, Keith Billings, Taylor Morey, Switching
Power Supply Design, McGraw-Hill Education, 2009
4. Warwick A. Smith, ARM Microcontroller Interfacing: Hardware
and Software, Elektor Electronics Publishing, 2010
5. Datasheets and Application notes of different Integrated circuits

Course Title	Circuits for Electronic	Course Number	EC504P	
	System Design Practice			
Department	Electronics and	Structure (IPC)	0-3-2	
	Communication			
	Engineering			
Offered to	M Tech ESD	Status (Core/	Core	
Onered to		Flective)		
Prerequisite	Analog and Digital	Effective from	July 2020	
	Electronics			
Course Aim	The aim of offering this labo	oratory course is to a	cquire knowledge	
	and proficiency in design cir	cuits for electronics	system design.	
Course Outcomes	1. Design and build circuits using OPAMPS			
	2. Design and develop different power supplies			
	3. Design and develop signal conditioning circuits for resistive,			
	capacitive, inductive, current current, and voltage-based sensors			
	4. Analysis of various communication protocols			
Contents of the	1. Design and build circuits using OPAMPS (summer, integrator,			
course	differentiators, and Instrumentation amplifier)			
	2. Design and build the pow	2. Design and build the power supply circuits such as linear power		
	supply, LDO, and DC-DC converter			
	3. Design and develop the signal conditioning circuits for resistive			
	(RTD), capacitive, inductive (LVDT), current (Photodiode) and			
	voltage based sensors (Thermocouple)			
	4. Analysis of communication protocols (SPI, CAN, I2C)			
References	1. Franco, S., Design with operational amplifiers and analog			
	integrated circuits. Mc. Graw Hill book Co. 1988.			
	2. Horowitz, P., and Hill, W., The art of electronics (2 nd edition),			
	Cambridge UniversityPress. 1992.			
	3. Abraham Pressman, Keith Billings, Taylor Morey, Switching			
	Power Supply Design, McGraw-Hill Education, 2009			
	4. Warwick A. Smith, ARM Microcontroller Interfacing: Hardware			
	and Software, Elektor Electronics Publishing, 2010			

Course Title	Electronic Systems Packaging	Course Number	EC505T
Department	Electronics and Communication Engineering	Structure (IPC)	3-0-3
Offered to	M.Tech. ESD	Status (Core/ Elective)	Core
Prerequisite	Basics of Electrical & Electronics Engineering	Effective from	July 2020
Course Aim	The course will sensitize the participants to the fundamentals of electronics systems packaging. The course is multidisciplinary in nature. Today products in electronics industry need to be packaged to current state-of-art if it has to be in the leading edge market.		
Course Outcomes	 Understands the electronics packaging including package styles or forms, hierarchy and methods of packaging necessary for various environments. Provides industry perspective in the electronics packaging Ability to distinguish between engineering performance and economic considerations to develop cost-efficient and high performance packaging approaches. Predict the reliability of electronic components and structures 		
Contents of the	Module 1:		
course	 Overview of Electronic Systems Packaging: Definition of a system and history of semiconductors, Products and levels of packaging, Packaging aspects of handheld products, Definition of PWB, Basics of Semiconductor and Process flowchart, Wafer fabrication, inspection and testing, Wafer packaging; Packaging evolution; Chip connection choices, Wire bonding, TAB and flip chip. Module 2 Electronic systems and needs, physical integration of circuits, packages, boards and complete electronic systems; system applications like computer, automobile, medical and consumer electronics with case studies and packaging levels. Module 3: 		
	Electrical design consider integrity, RF package design for Printed Wiring B Manufacturability (DFM). If and Multi-chip modules (M manufacturing like microvia density interconnect structur Module 4: Materials and processes in in electronics; lead-free so design, fabrication and asser	rations - power d n and Power-delivery oards (PWBs) a PWB Technologies, ACM), flex circuits s, sequential build-up es. electronics packagin olders. Surface Mo nbly, embedded pass	Istribution, signal y in systems. CAD and Design for Single-chip (SCM) . Recent trends in p circuits and high- g, joining methods unt Technology - ive components.

	Module 5:			
	Thermal management of IC and PWBs, Cooling Requirements,			
	Electronic cooling methodsthermo-mechanical reliability, design			
	for reliability, electrical test and green packaging issues, Design			
	for Reliability – Fundamentals, Induced failures. Electrical Testing			
	– System level electrical testing, Interconnection tests, Active			
	Circuit Testing, Design for Testability. Trends in packaging.			
References	1. Rao R. Tummala, Fundamentals of Microsystems Packaging,			
	McGraw Hill, NY, 2001,			
	2. Rao R Tummala& Madhavan Swaminathan, Introduction to			
	System-on-Package, McGraw Hill, 2008,			
	3. R S Khandpur, Printed Circuit Boards, McGraw Hill, 2006			
	4.Richard K. Ulrich & William D. Brown Advanced Electronic			
	Packaging - 2nd Edition : IEEEPress, 2006			

Course Title	Electronic Systems Packaging Practice	Course Number	EC505P
Department	Electronics and Communication Engineering	Structure (IPC)	0-3-2
Offered to	M.Tech. ESD	Status (Core/ Elective)	Core
Prerequisite	NIL	Effective from	July 2020
Course Aim	To understand the manufacturing and assembling aspects of Electronic components in systems.		
Course Outcomes	 Expected to design optimized layout for printed circuits boards. Exposed to multi-layer PCB design To develop Prototype circuits 		
Contents of the course	PCB design flow- Schematic -layout - PCB design using created library -PCB printing using PCB prototyping machine-Testing and debugging of PCB		
	Familiarization of different components and chip packages		
	PCB Design for manufacturability		
	PCB Design consideration for special circuits		
	Design and development of PCBs using different simulator tools and prototyping.		
	Hands-on lab sessions for board manufacturing and assembly.		
	Thermal and Heat Sink Design		
	Electrical Testing and Active Circuit Testing		
References	 Jan Axelson, Making Printed Circuit Boards, TAB/McGraw Hill, 1993 J. Varteresian, Fabricating Printed Circuit Boards. Ronald A. Reis, Electronic project design and fabrication, 6/E, Prentice Hall, 2005. Complete PCB Design Using OrCad Capture and Layout Kraig 		
	Mitzner, Elsevier		

Course Title	Digital Signal Processing and Architectures	Course Number	EC506T
Department	Electronics and Communication Engineering	Structure (IPC)	3-0-3
Offered to	M.Tech. ESD	Status (Core/ Elective)	Core
Prerequisite	Digital Signal Processing, Digital Logic Design	Effective from	July 2020
Course Aim	The goal of this course is to provide a good understanding of the principles and their corresponding hardware designs of various Digital Signal Processing operations.		
Course Outcomes	 At the end of this course, the students will be able to 1. Understand the concepts of digital signal processing : Filtering Techniques and Orthogonal Transformations. 2. Develop the hardware designs of various Digital Filtering Techniques and Orthogonal Transformations. 		
Contents of the course	 Arithmetic Circuits: Fixed point number representation, barrel shifter, logarithmic shifter, ripple carry adder, carry select adder, carry skip adder, carry save adder, recursive doubling based carry look ahead adder, Booth algorithm, Carry save array multiplier, Wallace tree multiplier, distributed arithmetic based multiplication, fixed point multiply accumulate circuit design, restoring/non restoring division techniques, IEEE-754 floating point representation, floating point addition/subtraction, floating point multiplication/division, floating point multiply accumulate circuit design, and CORDIC. (8 hours) Digital filter design: Basics of folded/parallel design, FIR/IIR filter design, steepest- descent LMS algorithm, adaptive FIR filter design, multirate signal processing, polyphase decomposition, and filter banks. (8 hours) Discrete wavelet transform: Haar wavelet, 1D/2D/3D-Convolution based discrete wavelet transform architecture, 1D/2D/3D- (5,3) and (9,7) lifting based discrete wavelet transform architecture. (4 hours) 		
	architectures. (4 hours) 5. HEVC architectures: architectures, and discrete hours)	introduction to D Hadamard transfor	CT, integer DCT m architectures. (4

	 6. Hardware/software co-design: Analogous between ASIC/FPGA/hardware-software co-designs, need for digital signal processing accelerators (or coprocessors), and hardware/software partitioning based digital signal processing architectures, (4 hours) 7. Digital signal processor design: basics of Von-Neumann, Harvard, Modified Harvard, and super Harvard architectures, hazards, hazard resolution techniques, instruction and data level parallelism. (8 hours)
Text Books	 S. K. Mitra, Digital Signal Processing: A computer base approach, Third edition, Mc Graw Hill Higher Education, 2006. Y.T. Chan, Wavelet Basics, Kluwer Publishers, Boston, 1993. Simon Haykin, Adaptive filter theory, Pearson Education, Fifth edition, 2014. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, and Naraig Manjikian, Computer Organization and Embedded Systems, McGraw Hill Publications, Sixth Edition, 2012.
References	 A. V. Oppenheium, R. W. Schafer, Discrete-time signal processing, Second edition, Prentice Hall, 1999. Moris M. Mano, Computer System Architecture, Third Edition, Pearson Publication, 2007. John L. Hannessey and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach, Fourth Edition, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2007. Research articles on VLSI for Signal Processing

Course Title	Digital Signal Processing and Architectures Practice	Course Number	EC506P
Department	Electronics and Communication Engineering	Structure (IPC)	0-3-2
Offered to	M.Tech. ESD	Status (Core/ Elective)	Core
Prerequisite	Digital Signal Processing, Digital Logic Design	Effective from	July 2020
Course Aim	The goal of this course is to provide a good understanding of the principles and their corresponding hardware designs of various Digital Signal Processing operations.		
Course Outcomes	At the end of this course, the students will be able to1. Denoise the signals.2. Compress the audio, image, and video signals3. Develop the RTL designs of various signal processing elements such as compressor and filter.		
Contents of the course	 Hardware/software co-design of signal processing operations Digital Signal Co-processor design Digital Filter Designs – FIR, IIR, Adaptive filters Discrete Orthogonal Transform Designs – FFT, integer DCT, DHT, DWT Experiments using TMS320 trainer kit. 		
Text Books	 S. K. Mitra, Digital Signal Processing: A computer base approach, Third edition, Mc Graw Hill Higher Education, 2006. Y.T. Chan, Wavelet Basics, Kluwer Publishers, Boston, 1993. Simon Haykin, Adaptive filter theory, Pearson Education, Fifth edition, 2014. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, and Naraig Manjikian, Computer Organization and Embedded Systems, McGraw Hill Publications, Sixth Edition, 2012. 		
References	 A. V. Oppenheium, R. W. Schafer, Discrete-time signal processing, Second edition, Prentice Hall, 1999. Moris M. Mano, Computer System Architecture, Third Edition, Pearson Publication, 2007. John L. Hannessey and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach, Fourth Edition, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2007. Research articles on VLSI for Signal Processing 		